# St Aidan's Catholic Primary School.



"In the love and truth of Jesus we grow."

# **Online Safety Policy**

This policy applies to all members of the school community (including staff, learners, volunteers, parents and carers, visitors, community users) who have access to and are users of school digital systems, both in and out of the school. It also applies to the use of personal digital technology on the school site (where allowed).

Date reviewed: January 2024

Next review date: January 2025

### Scope of the Online Safety Policy

This Online Safety Policy outlines the commitment of St Aidan's Catholic Primary School to safeguard members of our school community online in accordance with statutory guidance and best practice. We believe that using online resources and tools can improve chances for collaborative learning, increase student engagement, give access to current and rich content, and meet the requirements of all of our students. In addition to integrating the use of online technology into the curriculum, we also want to equip students with the knowledge and abilities to engage with the constantly evolving online environment in a safe, responsible, and balanced manner. This is accomplished through both explicit and implicit means, such as active teaching of online safety throughout all sessions, clear guidelines for everyone using devices and the internet in school, and procedures to follow in the event that these are violated, as well as automatic content filtering and protections in schools.

St Aidan's will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents/carers of incidents of inappropriate online safety behaviour that take place out of school.

### This policy should be read in conjunction with:

- Computing Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- RSE and PSHE Policy
- Social Networking Policy
- Complaints Policy
- Acceptable Use Agreements

- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Behaviour Policy
- Disciplinary Policy
- Remote Learning Policy
- Live Lesson Policy

### Policy development, monitoring and review

This Online Safety Policy has been developed by the Computing Lead (Miss Sharn Carrie) and Acting Headteacher (Mrs Julie Teer). The school governing body have review and agreed this policy.

### Schedule for development, monitoring and review

This Online Safety Policy was approved by the <i>school</i> governing body on:	17.01.24
The implementation of this Online Safety Policy will be monitored by:	Mrs Julie Teer (Acting Headteacher) Miss Sharn Carrie (Computing Lead)
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	At least once an academic year.
The governing body will receive a report on the implementation of the Online Safety Policy generated by the monitoring group (which will include anonymous details of online safety incidents) at regular intervals:	At least once an academic year.
The Online Safety Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly in the light of any significant new technological developments, new threats to online safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	January 2025
Should serious online safety incidents take place, the following external persons/agencies should be informed:	Mrs Julie Teer (Acting Headteacher)

### Legisatation

This policy conforms to the latest government initiatives and revisions to existing legislative guidance:

- DfE Keeping Children Safe in Education (2023)
- DfE Filtering and Monitoring standards (2023)
- DfE Cyber Security Standards for Schools and Colleges (2023)
- DfE Teaching Online Safety in Schools (2019)
- DfE Searching, screening and confiscation (2018)
- Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
- The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- The Data Protection Act (2018),

### Process for monitoring the impact of the Online Safety Policy

The school will monitor the impact of the policy using:

- · Observations
- Pupil and teacher voice
- · Learning walks
- Work scrutiny

- Reflective teacher feedback
- · Learning environment monitoring
- · Dedicated Leadership time.

Evaluation and Feedback will be achieved through:

- Dedicated leadership time
- Using recognised national standards for benchmarking
- Feedback on whole school areas of development regarding online safety given and discussed during staff training and staff meetings

Concerns regarding a staff member's online behaviour are to be reported to the headteacher in line with the Staff code of Conduct and Disciplinary Policy.

Concerns regarding a pupil's online behaviour are to be reported to the DSL who will investigate in line with the Child protection and safeguarding and Behaviour policies with the headteacher and with the support of the IT Network manager if required.

The DSL records all online safety incidents.

## Policy and leadership

### Responsibilities

To ensure the online safeguarding of members of our school community it is important that all members of that community work together to develop safe and responsible online behaviours, learning from each other and from good practice elsewhere, reporting inappropriate online behaviours, concerns, and misuse as soon as these become apparent. While this will be a team effort, the following sections outline the online safety roles and responsibilities of individuals<sup>1</sup> and groups within the school.

#### Headteacher and senior leaders

- The headteacher has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including online safety) of members of the school community and fostering a culture of safeguarding, though the day-today responsibility for online safety is held by the Designated Safeguarding Lead, as defined in Keeping Children Safe in Education.
- The headteacher and (at least) another member of the senior leadership team should be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious online safety allegation being made against a member of staff<sup>2</sup>.
- The headteacher/senior leaders are responsible for ensuring that the Designated Safeguarding Lead / Online Safety Lead, IT provider/technical staff, and other relevant staff

carry out their responsibilities effectively and receive suitable training to enable them to carry out their roles and train other colleagues, as relevant.

- The headteacher/senior leaders will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal online safety monitoring role.
- The headteacher/senior leaders will receive regular monitoring reports from the Designated Safeguarding Lead / Online Safety Lead.
- The headteacher/senior leaders will work with the responsible Governor, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and IT service providers in all aspects of filtering and monitoring.

#### Governors

The DfE guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" states:

"Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure there are appropriate policies and procedures in place in order for appropriate action to be taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children's welfare .... this includes ... online safety"

"Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure an appropriate senior member of staff, from the school or college leadership team, is appointed to the role of designated safeguarding lead. The designated safeguarding lead should take lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety and understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place)"

Governors are responsible for the approval of the Online Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy.

This review will be carried out by the Lead Governor of the School and Headteacher. The Lead Governor will liaise with Computing Lead and Headteacher to ensure that:

- regular meetings with the Designated Safeguarding Lead / Online Safety Lead take place
- regularly receiving (collated and anonymised) reports of online safety incidents
- checking that provision outlined in the Online Safety Policy (e.g. online safety education provision and staff training is taking place as intended)
- Ensuring that the filtering and monitoring provision is reviewed and recorded, at least annually. (The review will be conducted by members of the SLT, the DSL, and the IT service provider and involve the responsible governor) - in-line with the DfE Filtering and Monitoring Standards
- reporting to relevant *governors group/meeting*
- Receiving (at least) basic cyber-security training to enable the governors to check that the school meets the DfE Cyber-Security Standards

The governing body will also support the school in encouraging parents/carers and the wider community to become engaged in online safety activities.

#### **Designated Safety Lead (DSL)**

Keeping Children Safe in Education states that:

"The designated safeguarding lead should take lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety and understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place). This should be explicit in the role holder's job description." They (the DSL) "are able to understand the unique risks associated with online safety and be confident that they have the relevant knowledge and up to date capability required to keep children safe whilst they are online at school or college"

*They (the DSL)* "can recognise the additional risks that children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) face online, for example, from bullying, grooming and radicalisation and are confident they have the capability to support children with SEND to stay safe online"

#### The DSL will:

- hold the lead responsibility for online safety, within their safeguarding role.
- Receive relevant and regularly updated training in online safety to enable them to understand the risks associated with online safety and be confident that they have the relevant knowledge and up to date capability required to keep children safe whilst they are online
- meet regularly with the online safety governor to discuss current issues, review (anonymised) incidents and filtering and monitoring logs and ensuring that annual (at least) filtering and monitoring checks are carried out
- attend relevant governing body meetings/groups
- report regularly to headteacher/senior leadership team
- be responsible for receiving reports of online safety incidents and handling them, and deciding whether to make a referral by liaising with relevant agencies, ensuring that all incidents are recorded.
- liaise with staff and IT providers on matters of safety and safeguarding and welfare (including online and digital safety)
- receive reports of online safety issues, being aware of the potential for serious child protection concerns and ensure that these are logged to inform future online safety developments
- have a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school online safety policies/documents
- promote an awareness of and commitment to online safety education / awareness raising across the school and beyond
- liaise with curriculum leaders to ensure that the online safety curriculum is planned, mapped, embedded and evaluated
- ensure that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an online safety incident taking place and the need to immediately report those incidents
- provide training and advice for staff/governors/parents/carers/learners or appropriate resources
- liaise with (school/local authority/MAT/external provider) technical staff, pastoral staff and support staff (as relevant)
- receive regularly updated training to allow them to understand how digital technologies are used and are developing (particularly by learners) with regard to the areas defined in Keeping Children Safe in Education:
  - o content
  - o contact
  - $\circ$  conduct
  - o commerce

#### **Curriculum Leads**

Curriculum Leads will work with the DSL to develop a planned and coordinated online safety education programme

This will be provided through:

- a discrete programme
- PHSE and SRE programmes
- A mapped cross-curricular programme
- assemblies and pastoral programmes
- through relevant national initiatives and opportunities e.g. <u>Safer Internet Day</u> and <u>Anti-bullying</u> week.

#### Teaching and support staff

School staff are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an awareness of current online safety matters/trends and of the current school Online Safety Policy and practices
- they understand that online safety is a core part of safeguarding
- they have read, understood, and signed the staff acceptable use agreement (AUA)
- they immediately report any suspected misuse or problem to DSL or Headteacher for investigation/action, in line with the school safeguarding procedures
- all digital communications with learners and parents/carers are on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems
- online safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities
- ensure learners understand and follow the Online Safety Policy and acceptable use agreements, have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- they supervise and monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, cameras, etc., in lessons and other school activities (where allowed) and implement current policies regarding these devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned learners are guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches
- where lessons take place using live-streaming or video-conferencing, there is regard to national safeguarding guidance, local safeguarding policies, St. Aidan's live lesson policy and Google Meet risk assessment
- there is a zero-tolerance approach to incidents of online-bullying, sexual harassment, discrimination, hatred etc
- they model safe, responsible, and professional online behaviours in their own use of technology, including out of school and in their use of social media.

#### **IT Provider**

The DfE Filtering and Monitoring Standards says:

"Senior leaders should work closely with governors or proprietors, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and IT service providers in all aspects of filtering and monitoring. Your IT service provider may be a staff technician or an external service provider."

"Day to day management of filtering and monitoring systems requires the specialist knowledge of both safeguarding and IT staff to be effective. The DSL should work closely together with IT service providers to meet the needs of your setting. You may need to ask filtering or monitoring providers for system specific training and support."

"The IT service provider should have technical responsibility for:

- maintaining filtering and monitoring systems
- o providing filtering and monitoring reports
- o completing actions following concerns or checks to systems"

"The IT service provider should work with the senior leadership team and DSL to:

- o procure systems
- o identify risk
- o carry out reviews
- o carry out checks"

"We are aware that there may not be full-time staff for each of these roles and responsibility may lie as part of a wider role within the school, college, or trust. However, it must be clear who is responsible, and it must be possible to make prompt changes to your provision."

If the school has a technology service provided by an outside contractor, it is the responsibility of the school to ensure that the provider carries out all the online safety measures that the school's obligations and responsibilities require. It is also important that the provider follows and implements school Online Safety Policy and procedures.

#### The IT Provider is responsible for ensuring that:

- they are aware of and follow the school Online Safety Policy and Technical Security Policy to carry out their work effectively in line with school policy
- the school technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- the school meets (as a minimum) the required online safety technical requirements as identified by the DfE Meeting Digital and Technology Standards in Schools & Colleges and guidance from local authority / MAT or other relevant body
- there is clear, safe, and managed control of user access to networks and devices
- they keep up to date with online safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their online safety role and to inform and update others as relevant

- the use of technology is regularly and effectively monitored in order that any misuse/attempted misuse can be reported to headteacher for investigation and action
- the filtering policy is applied and updated on a regular basis and its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person
- monitoring systems are implemented and regularly updated as agreed in school policies

#### Learners

- are responsible for using the school digital technology systems in accordance with the learner acceptable use agreement and Online Safety Policy (this should include personal devices – where allowed)
- should understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- should know what to do if they or someone they know feels vulnerable when using online technology.
- should understand the importance of adopting good online safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's Online Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school.

#### Parents and carers

Parents and carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the online services and devices in an appropriate way.

The school will take every opportunity to help parents and carers understand these issues through:

- publishing the school Online Safety Policy on the school website
- providing them with a copy of the learners' acceptable use agreement
- publish information about appropriate use of social media relating to posts concerning the school.
- seeking their permissions concerning digital images
- parents'/carers' evenings, newsletters, website, social media and information about national/local online safety campaigns and literature.

Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the school in:

- reinforcing the online safety messages provided to learners in school.
- the safe and responsible use of their children's personal devices in the school (where this is allowed)

### Further responsibilities

An Online Safety Group has been set up within the school and has a responsibility for issues regarding online safety and monitoring the Online Safety Policy including the impact of initiatives.

The Online Safety Group has the following members

- Designated Safeguarding Lead
- Computing Lead
- Senior leaders
- Online safety governor

### **Professional Standards**

There is an expectation that required professional standards will be applied to online safety as in other aspects of school life i.e., policies and protocols are in place for the use of online communication technology between the staff and other members of the school and wider community, using officially sanctioned school mechanisms.

# Policy

### **Online Safety Policy**

The DfE guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" states:

**"Online safety** and the school or college's approach to it should be reflected in the child protection policy"

The school Online Safety Policy:

- sets expectations for the safe and responsible use of digital technologies for learning, administration, and communication
- allocates responsibilities for the delivery of the policy
- is regularly reviewed in a collaborative manner, taking account of online safety incidents and changes/trends in technology and related behaviours
- establishes guidance for staff in how they should use digital technologies responsibly, protecting themselves and the school and how they should use this understanding to help safeguard learners in the digital world
- describes how the school will help prepare learners to be safe and responsible users of online technologies
- establishes clear procedures to identify, report, respond to and record the misuse of digital technologies and online safety incidents, including external support mechanisms
- is supplemented by a series of related acceptable use agreements
- is made available to staff at induction and through normal communication channels
- is published on the school website.

### Acceptable use

The school has defined what it regards as acceptable/unacceptable use and this is shown in the tables below.

#### Acceptable use agreements

An Acceptable Use Agreement is a document that outlines a school's expectations on the responsible use of technology by its users. In most schools they are signed or acknowledged by their staff as part of their conditions of employment. Some may also require learners and parents/carers to sign them, though it is more important for these to be regularly promoted, understood and followed rather than just signed. There is a range of acceptable use agreements in the appendices.

The Online Safety Policy and acceptable use agreements define acceptable use at the school. The acceptable use agreements will be communicated/re-enforced through:

- staff induction and handbook
- posters/notices around where technology is used
- communication with parents/carers
- built into education sessions
- peer support.

Please find a list below of activities which are acceptable/unacceptable by the members of our school community:

User actio	ns	Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
Users shall not access online content (including apps, games, sites) to make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:	<ul> <li>Any illegal activity for example:</li> <li>Child sexual abuse imagery*</li> <li>Child sexual abuse/exploitation/grooming</li> <li>Terrorism</li> <li>Encouraging or assisting suicide</li> <li>Offences relating to sexual images i.e., revenge and extreme pornography</li> <li>Incitement to and threats of violence</li> <li>Hate crime</li> <li>Public order offences - harassment and stalking</li> <li>Drug-related offences</li> <li>Weapons / firearms offences</li> <li>Fraud and financial crime including money laundering</li> <li>Refer to guidance about dealing with self-generated images/sexting - <u>UKSIC Responding to and managing sexting incidents and UKCIS – Sexting in schools and colleges</u></li> </ul>					x
Users shall not undertake activities that might be classed as cyber- crime under the Computer Misuse Act (1990)	<ul> <li>Using another individual's username or ID and password to access data, a program, or parts of a system that the user is not authorised to access (even if the initial access is authorised)</li> <li>Gaining unauthorised access to school networks, data and files, through the use of computers/devices</li> <li>Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files</li> <li>Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (e.g., financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords)</li> <li>Disable/Impair/Disrupt network functionality through the use of computers/devices</li> </ul>					x

User actio	ns	Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
	Using penetration testing equipment (without relevant permission)					
Users shall not undertake activities that are not illegal but are classed as unacceptable in	Accessing inappropriate material/activities online in a school setting including pornography, gambling, drugs. (Informed by the school's filtering practices and/or AUAs)			х	Х	
school policies:	Promotion of any kind of discrimination				Х	
	Using school systems to run a private business				Х	
	Using systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering/monitoring or other safeguards employed by the school				х	
	Infringing copyright				Х	
	Unfair usage (downloading/uploading large files that hinders others in their use of the internet)			х	х	
	Any other information which may be offensive to others or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute				х	

	S	Staff and other adults			Learners			
Consideration should be given for the following activities when undertaken for non-educational purposes:	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission/awareness
Online gaming			Х					Х
Online shopping/commerce			Х		Х			
File sharing		Х						Х
Social media				Х	Х			

Messaging/chat			X	X	
Entertainment streaming e.g. Netflix, Disney+			Х	X	
Use of video broadcasting, e.g. YouTube, Twitch, TikTok			Х	X	
Mobile phones may be brought to school		X			X
Use of mobile phones for learning at school			Х	X	
Use of mobile phones in social time at school		Х		X	
Taking photos on mobile phones/cameras	Х			X	
Use of other personal devices, e.g. tablets, gaming devices			Х	X	
Use of personal e-mail in school, or on school network/wi-fi			Х	X	
Use of school e-mail for personal e-mails			Х	X	

When using communication technologies, the school considers the following as good practice:

- when communicating in a professional capacity, staff should ensure that the technologies they use are officially sanctioned by the school.
- any digital communication between staff and learners or parents/carers (e-mail, social media, learning platform, etc.) must be professional in tone and content. *Personal e-mail addresses, text messaging or social media must not be used for these communications.*
- staff should be expected to follow good practice when using personal social media regarding their own professional reputation and that of the school and its community
- users should immediately report to a nominated person in accordance with the school policy – the receipt of any communication that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, discriminatory, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such communication.
- relevant policies and permissions should be followed when posting information online e.g., school website and social media. Only school e-mail addresses should be used to identify members of staff and learners.

### Reporting and responding

The 2021 Ofsted "Review of Sexual Abuse in Schools and Colleges" highlighted the need for schools to understand that reporting systems do not always respond to the needs of learners. While the report looks specifically at harmful sexual behaviours, schools may wish to address these issues more generally in reviewing their reporting systems. The Ofsted review suggested:

"School and college leaders should create a culture where sexual harassment and online sexual abuse are not tolerated, and where they identify issues and intervene early to better protect children and young people. ..In order to do this, they should assume that sexual harassment and online sexual abuse are happening in their setting, even when there are no specific reports, and put in place a whole-school approach to address them. This should include:

• routine record-keeping and analysis of sexual harassment and sexual violence, including online, to identify patterns and intervene early to prevent abuse"

The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure online safety for all school users but recognises that incidents may occur inside and outside of the school (with impact on the school) which will need intervention. The school will ensure:

- there are clear reporting routes which are understood and followed by all members of the school community which are consistent with the school safeguarding procedures, and with the whistleblowing, complaints and managing allegations policies.
- all members of the school community will be made aware of the need to report online safety issues/incidents
- reports will be dealt with as soon as is practically possible once they are received
- the Designated Safeguarding Lead, Online Safety Lead and other responsible staff have appropriate skills and training to deal with online safety risks.
- if there is any suspicion that the incident involves any illegal activity or the potential for serious harm (see flowchart and user actions chart in the appendix), the incident must be escalated through the agreed school safeguarding procedures. this may include
  - Non-consensual images
  - Self-generated images
  - Terrorism/extremism
  - Hate crime/ Abuse
  - Fraud and extortion
  - o Harassment/stalking
  - Child Sexual Abuse Material (CSAM)
  - Child Sexual Exploitation Grooming
  - Extreme Pornography
  - Sale of illegal materials/substances
  - Cyber or hacking offences under the Computer Misuse Act
  - Copyright theft or piracy
- any concern about staff misuse will be reported to the Headteacher, unless the concern involves the Headteacher, in which case the complaint is referred to the Chair of Governors and the local authority / MAT
- where there is no suspected illegal activity, devices may be checked using the following procedures:
  - one or more senior members of staff should be involved in this process. This is vital to protect individuals if accusations are subsequently reported.
  - conduct the procedure using a designated device that will not be used by learners and, if necessary, can be taken off site by the police should the need arise (should illegal activity be subsequently suspected). Use the same device for the duration of the procedure.
  - ensure that the relevant staff have appropriate internet access to conduct the procedure, but also that the sites and content visited are closely monitored and recorded (to provide further protection).
  - record the URL of any site containing the alleged misuse and describe the nature of the content causing concern. It may also be necessary to record and store screenshots

of the content on the machine being used for investigation. These may be printed, signed, and attached to the form

- once this has been completed and fully investigated the group will need to judge whether this concern has substance or not. If it does, then appropriate action will be required and could include the following:
  - internal response or discipline procedures
  - o involvement by local authority / MAT (as relevant)
  - police involvement and/or action
- it is important that those reporting an online safety incident have confidence that the report will be treated seriously and dealt with effectively
- there are support strategies in place e.g., peer support for those reporting or affected by an online safety incident
- incidents should be logged on CPOMS and reported to headteacher.
- relevant staff are aware of external sources of support and guidance in dealing with online safety issues, e.g. local authority; police; Professionals Online Safety Helpline; Reporting Harmful Content; CEOP.
- those involved in the incident will be provided with feedback about the outcome of the investigation and follow up actions
- learning from the incident (or pattern of incidents) will be provided (as relevant and anonymously) to:
  - the Computing Lead for consideration of updates to policies or education programmes and to review how effectively the report was dealt with
  - staff, through regular briefings
  - learners, through assemblies/lessons
  - parents/carers, through newsletters, school social media, website
  - governors, through regular safeguarding updates
  - local authority/external agencies, as relevant (The Ofsted Review into Sexual Abuse in Schools and Colleges suggested "working closely with Local Safeguarding Partnerships in the area where the school or college is located so they are aware of the range of support available to children and young people who are victims or who perpetrate harmful sexual behaviour"

The school will make the flowchart below available to staff to support the decision-making process for dealing with online safety incidents.



#### School actions

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour/disciplinary procedures as follows:

### Responding to Learner Actions

Incidents	Refer to class teacher/tutor	Refer to Deputy Head	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Police/Social Work	Refer to local authority technical support for advice/action	Inform parents/carers	Remove device/ network/internet access rights	Issue a warning	Further sanction, in line with behaviour policy
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on User Actions on unsuitable/inappropriate activities).		Х	x	X					
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another user's account (staff or learner) or allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords	x							x	
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users.	x					x	x		x
Sending an e-mail, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature		x	x	x		x			x
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files or use of file sharing.	х		x				x		х
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system.		х	x			x	x		x
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident.		х	x			x			

Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material.		х	x		х	x	x
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act.			x		х		х
Unauthorised use of digital devices (including taking images)	х	х	х		х		x
Unauthorised use of online services	Х	х	х		х		х
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity or the ethos of the school.	х	x	x		х		x
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions.		х	x		х	x	x

# **Responding to Staff Actions**

Incidents	Refer to line manager	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to local authority/MAT/HR	Refer to Police	Refer to LA / Technical Support Staff for action re filtering, etc.	Issue a warning	Suspension	Disciplinary action
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities)		x	x	x			X	X
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules.		Х	X					Х
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material		Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software		Х	X					Х
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system.		Х						Х
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files or file sharing		Х						Х
Breaching copyright or licensing regulations.		Х	Х			Х		
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account.		X				Х		
Sending an e-mail, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature		Х	Х	Х				Х
Using personal e-mail/social networking/messaging to carry out digital communications with learners and parents/carers		X				Х		X

Inappropriate personal use of the digital technologies e.g. social media / personal e-mail	Х			Х		
Careless use of personal data, e.g. displaying, holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	Х			Х		
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	Х	Х				Х
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity or the ethos of the school.	Х	Х				X
Failing to report incidents whether caused by deliberate or accidental actions	Х					Х
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions.	Х	Х			Х	Х

### **Online Safety Education Programme**

While regulation and technical solutions are particularly important, their use must be balanced by educating learners to take a responsible approach. The education of learners in online safety is therefore an essential part of the school's online safety provision. Learners need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid online safety risks and develop their resilience.

The 2021 Ofsted "Review of Sexual Abuse in Schools and Colleges" highlighted the need for:

"a carefully sequenced RSHE curriculum, based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance, that specifically includes sexual harassment and sexual violence, including online. This should include time for open discussion of topics that children and young people tell us they find particularly difficult, such as consent and the sending of 'nudes'.."

#### Keeping Children Safe in Education states:

"Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure online safety is a running and interrelated theme whilst devising and implementing their whole school or college approach to safeguarding and related policies and procedures. This will include considering how online safety is reflected as required in all relevant policies and considering online safety whilst planning the curriculum ..."

Online safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce online safety messages across the curriculum. The online safety curriculum should be broad, relevant and provide progression, with opportunities for creative activities and will be provided in the following ways

- A planned online safety curriculum for all year groups matched against Project Evolve and regularly taught in a variety of contexts.
- Lessons are matched to need; are age-related and build on prior learning

- Lessons are context-relevant with agreed objectives leading to clear and evidenced outcomes
- Learner need and progress are addressed through effective planning and assessment
- Digital competency is planned and effectively threaded through the appropriate digital pillars in other curriculum areas e.g. PHSE; SRE; Literacy etc
- it incorporates/makes use of relevant national initiatives and opportunities e.g. <u>Safer Internet</u> <u>Day</u> and <u>Anti-bullying week</u>
- the programme will be accessible to learners at different ages and abilities such as those with additional learning needs or those with English as an additional language.
- vulnerability is actively addressed as part of a personalised online safety curriculum e.g., for victims of abuse and SEND.
- learners should be helped to understand the need for the learner acceptable use agreement and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use both within and outside school. Acceptable use is reinforced across the curriculum, with opportunities to discuss how to act within moral and legal boundaries online, with reference to the Computer Misuse Act 1990. Lessons and further resources are available on the CyberChoices site.
- staff should act as good role models in their use of digital technologies the internet and mobile devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that learners should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches
- where learners are allowed to freely search the internet, staff should be vigilant in supervising the learners and monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit
- it is accepted that from time to time, for good educational reasons, students may need to
  research topics, (e.g. racism, drugs, discrimination) that would normally result in internet
  searches being blocked. In such a situation, staff should be able to request the temporary
  removal of those sites from the filtered list for the period of study. Any request to do so, should
  be auditable, with clear reasons for the need

### Contribution of Learners

The school acknowledges, learns from, and uses the skills and knowledge of learners in the use of digital technologies. We recognise the potential for this to shape the online safety strategy for the school community and how this contributes positively to the personal development of young people. Their contribution is recognised through:

- mechanisms to canvass learner feedback and opinion.
- appointment of digital leaders
- the Online Safety Group has learner representation
- learners contribute to the online safety education programme e.g. peer education, digital leaders leading lessons for younger learners, online safety campaigns
- learners designing/updating acceptable use agreements
- contributing to online safety events with the wider school community e.g. parents' evenings, family learning programmes etc.

### Staff/volunteers

The DfE guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" states:

"All staff should receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training (**including online safety**) at induction. The training should be **regularly updated**. In addition, all staff should receive safeguarding and child protection (**including online safety**) updates (for example, via email, e-bulletins, and staff meetings), as required, and at least annually, to continue to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively."

"Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure... that safeguarding training for staff, **including online safety** training, is integrated, aligned and considered as part of the whole school or college safeguarding approach and wider staff training and curriculum planning."

All staff will receive online safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- a planned programme of formal online safety and data protection training will be made available to all staff. This will be regularly updated and reinforced. An audit of the online safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- the training will be an integral part of the school's annual safeguarding and data protection training for all staff
- all new staff will receive online safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school online safety policy and acceptable use agreements. It includes explicit reference to classroom management, professional conduct, online reputation and the need to model positive online behaviours.
- the Computing Lead and Designated Safeguarding Lead will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events, (e.g. UKSIC / SWGfL / MAT / LA / other relevant organisations) and by reviewing guidance documents released by relevant organisations
- this Online Safety Policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff/team meetings/INSET days
- the Designated Safeguarding Lead/Computing Lead will provide advice/guidance/training to individuals as required.

### Governors

Governors should take part in online safety training/awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any sub-committee/group involved in technology/online safety/health and safety/safeguarding. This may be offered in several ways such as:

- attendance at training provided by the local authority/MAT or other relevant organisation
- participation in school training / information sessions for staff or parents.

A higher level of training will be made available to (at least) the Online Safety Governor. This will include:

- Cyber-security training (at least at a basic level)
- Training to allow the governor to undestand the school's filtering and monitoring provision, in order that they can participate in the required checks and review.

### Families

Many parents and carers have only a limited understanding of online safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring/regulation of the children's online behaviours. Parents may underestimate how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and may be unsure about how to respond.

The school will seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through: regular communication, awareness-raising and engagement on online safety issues, curriculum activities and reporting routes

- regular opportunities for engagement with parents/carers on online safety issues through awareness workshops / parent/carer evenings etc
- the learners who are encouraged to pass on to parents the online safety messages they have learned in lessons and by learners leading sessions at parent/carer evenings.
- letters, newsletters, website, learning platform,
- high profile events / campaigns e.g. Safer Internet Day
- reference to the relevant web sites/publications, e.g. SWGfL; www.saferinternet.org.uk/; www.childnet.com/parents-and-carers

### Adults and Agencies

The school will provide opportunities for local community groups and members of the wider community to gain from the school's online safety knowledge and experience. This may be offered through the following:

- online safety messages targeted towards families and relatives.
- providing family learning courses in use of digital technologies and online safety
- providing online safety information via their website and social media for the wider community
- supporting community groups, e.g. early years settings, childminders, youth/sports/voluntary groups to enhance their online safety provision

# Technology

The school is responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure/network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. The school should ensure that all staff are made aware of policies and procedures in place on a regular basis and explain that everyone is responsible for online safety and data protection.

### Filtering & Monitoring

The DfE guidance (for England) on filtering and monitoring in "Keeping Children Safe in Education" states:

"It is essential that governing bodies and proprietors ensure that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place ...governing bodies and proprietors should be doing all that they reasonably can to limit children's exposure to the ... risks from the school's or college's

IT system. As part of this process, governing bodies and proprietors should ensure their school or college has appropriate filtering and monitoring systems in place and regularly review their effectiveness. They should ensure that the leadership team and relevant staff have an awareness and understanding of the provisions in place and manage them effectively and know how to escalate concerns when identified...

The appropriateness of any filtering and monitoring systems are a matter for individual schools and colleges and will be informed in part, by the risk assessment required by the Prevent Duty. To support schools and colleges to meet this duty, the Department for Education has published filtering and monitoring standards..."

The school filtering and monitoring provision is agreed by senior leaders, governors and the IT Service Provider and is regularly reviewed (at least annually) and updated in response to changes in technology and patterns of online safety incidents/behaviours

Day to day management of filtering and monitoring systems requires the specialist knowledge of both safeguarding and IT staff to be effective. The DSL will have lead responsibility for safeguarding and online safety and the IT service provider will have technical responsibility

the filtering and monitoring provision is reviewed annually by computing lead, the Designated Safeguarding Lead and a governor with the involvement of the IT Service Provider.

• checks on the filtering and monitoring system are carried out by the IT Service Provider with the involvement of the computing lead, the Designated Safeguarding Lead and a governor, in particular when a safeguarding risk is identified, there is a change in working practice, e.g. remote access or BYOD or new technology is introduced through Fortiguard.

### Filtering

- the school manages access to content across its systems for all users and on all devices using the school's internet provision. The filtering provided meets the standards defined in the DfE Filtering standards for schools and colleges and the guidance provided in the UK Safer Internet Centre Appropriate filtering.
- illegal content (e.g., child sexual abuse images) is filtered by the broadband or filtering provider by actively employing the Internet Watch Foundation URL list and the police assessed list of unlawful terrorist content, produced on behalf of the Home Office. Content lists are regularly updated
- there are established and effective routes for users to report inappropriate content, recognising that no system can be 100% effective
- there is a clear process in place to deal with, and log, requests/approvals for filtering changes (see Appendix for more details).
- filtering logs are regularly reviewed and alert the Designated Safeguarding Lead to breaches of the filtering policy, which are then acted upon.

- the school has (if possible) provided enhanced/differentiated user-level filtering (allowing different filtering levels for different abilities/ages/stages and different groups of users: staff/learners, etc.)
- younger learners will use child friendly/age-appropriate search engines e.g. SWGfL Swiggle
- the school has a mobile device policy and where personal mobile devices have internet access through the school network, content is managed in ways that are consistent with school policy and practice.
- access to content through non-browser services (e.g. apps and other mobile technologies) is managed in ways that are consistent with school policy and practice.

If necessary, the school will seek advice from, and report issues to, the SWGfL Report Harmful Content site.

### Monitoring

The school has monitoring systems in place to protect the school, systems and users:

- The school monitors all network use across all its devices and services.
- monitoring reports are urgently picked up, acted on and outcomes are recorded by the Designated Safeguarding Lead, all users are aware that the network (and devices) are monitored.
- There are effective protocols in place to report abuse/misuse. There is a clear process for prioritising response to alerts that require rapid safeguarding intervention.
- Management of serious safeguarding alerts is consistent with safeguarding policy and practice.

The school follows the UK Safer Internet Centre Appropriate Monitoring guidance and protects users and school systems through the use of the appropriate blend of strategies informed by the school's risk assessment. These may include:

- physical monitoring (adult supervision in the classroom)
- internet use is logged, regularly monitored and reviewed
- filtering logs are regularly analysed and breaches are reported to senior leaders
- pro-active alerts inform the school of breaches to the filtering policy, allowing effective intervention.
- where possible, school technical staff regularly monitor and record the activity of users on the school technical systems
- use of a third-party assisted monitoring service to review monitoring logs and report issues to school monitoring lead(s)

### **Technical Security**

The school technical systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets recommended technical requirements:

 responsibility for technical security resides with SLT who may delegate activities to identified roles.

- all users have clearly defined access rights to school technical systems and devices. Details
  of the access rights available to groups of users will be recorded by the IT service provider
  and will be reviewed, at least annually, by the SLT
- password policy and procedures are implemented.
- the security of their username and password and must not allow other users to access the systems using their log on details.
- all users have responsibility for the security of their username and password and must not allow other users to access the systems using their log on details.
- all school networks and system will be protected by secure passwords. Passwords must not be shared with anyone.
- the administrator passwords for school systems are kept in a secure place, e.g. school safe.
- there is a risk-based approach to the allocation of learner usernames and passwords.
- there will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of school technical systems
- servers, wireless systems and cabling are securely located and physical access restricted
- appropriate security measures are in place (Fortiguard) to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems and devices from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data. These are tested regularly. The school infrastructure and individual workstations are protected by up-to-date endpoint software.
- there are rigorous and verified back-up routines, including the keeping of network-separated (air-gapped) copies off-site or in the cloud,
- St Aidan's is responsible for ensuring that all software purchased by and used by the school is adequately licenced and that the latest software updates (patches) are applied.
- an appropriate system is in place for users to report any actual/potential technical incident/security breach to the relevant person, as agreed)
- use of school devices out of school and by family members is regulated by an acceptable use statement that a user consents to when the device is allocated to them
- personal use of any device on the school network is regulated by acceptable use statements that a user consents to when using the network
- staff members are not permitted to install software on a school-owned devices without the consent of the SLT/IT service provider
- removable media is not permitted unless approved by the SLT/IT service provider
- systems are in place to control and protect personal data and data is encrypted at rest and in transit.
- mobile device security and management procedures are in place (Lightspeed MDM for Ipads, Google Device Management for Chromebooks)
- guest users are provided with appropriate access to school systems based on an identified risk profile.

### Mobile technologies

The DfE guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" states:

"The school or college should have a clear policy on the use of mobile and smart technology. Amongst other things this will reflect the fact many children have unlimited and unrestricted access to the internet via mobile phone networks (i.e. 3G, 4G and 5G). This access means some children, whilst at school or college, sexually harass, bully, and control others via their mobile and smart technology, share indecent images consensually and non-consensually (often via large chat groups) and view and share pornography and other harmful content. Schools and colleges should carefully consider how this is managed on their premises and reflect this in their mobile and smart technology policy and their child protection policy.

St Aidan's RC Primary School has a clear policy on allowing staff, students and visitor to bring mobile devices into school and this policy makes explicit reference to mobile phones and smartwatches with cameras. This policy provides clear guidance on the use of mobile phones in school by both staff and pupils.

Mobile technology devices may be a school owned or privately owned smartphone, tablet, notebook/laptop or other technology. These may have the capability of utilising the school's wireless network; the device then has access to the wider internet which may include the school's learning platform and other cloud based services such as email and data storage.

The absolute key to considering the use of mobile technologies is that the students, staff and wider school community understand that the primary purpose of having their personal device at school is educational and that this is irrespective of whether the device is school owned or personally owned.

Teaching about the safe and appropriate use of mobile technologies should be included in the PSHE/RSE and Computing (online safety) curriculum.

	School	owned	Personally owned			
	Allocated to a single user	For use by multiple users	Pupil/Student owned	Staff owned	Visitor owned	
Allowed in school	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>	
Full network access	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	
Internet only			No	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes <sup>4</sup>	
No network access			Yes	Yes	Yes	

The school allows:

<sup>2</sup> See "Staff" section for more details

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> UKS2 only - to be handed in and stored in the school office during the school day. Returned at the end of the school day. See "Students" section for more details

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See "Parents, Visitors or Volunteers in School" section for more details

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Allowed Head teacher's discretion – must follow acceptable use policy.

- The school has provided technical solutions for the safe use of mobile technology for school devices:
  - All school devices are controlled though the use of Mobile Device Management software
  - Appropriate access control is applied to all mobile devices according to the requirements of the user (e.g Internet only access, network access allowed, shared folder network access)
  - The school has addressed broadband performance and capacity to ensure that core educational and administrative activities are not negatively affected by the increase in the number of connected devices
  - For all mobile technologies, filtering will be applied to the internet connection and attempts to bypass this are not permitted
  - Appropriate exit processes are implemented for devices no longer used at a school location or by an authorised user.
  - All school devices are subject to routine monitoring
  - Pro-active monitoring has been implemented to monitor activity
  - When personal devices are permitted:
    - All personal devices are restricted through the implementation of technical solutions that provide appropriate levels of network access
    - Personal devices are brought into the school entirely at the risk of the owner and the decision to bring the device in to the school lies with the user (and their parents/carers) as does the liability for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the device in school
    - The school accepts no responsibility or liability in respect of lost, stolen or damaged devices while at school or on activities organised or undertaken by the school (the school recommends insurance is purchased to cover that device whilst out of the home)
    - The school accepts no responsibility for any malfunction of a device due to changes made to the device while on the school network or whilst resolving any connectivity issues
    - The school recommends that the devices are made easily identifiable and have a protective case to help secure them as the devices are moved around the school. Pass-codes or PINs should be set on personal devices to aid security
    - The school is not responsible for the day to day maintenance or upkeep of the users personal device such as the charging of any device, the installation of software updates or the resolution of hardware issues
  - Users are expected to act responsibly, safely and respectfully in line with current acceptable use agreements, in addition;
    - Visitors should be provided with information about how and when they are permitted to use mobile technology in line with local safeguarding arrangements
    - Users are responsible for keeping their device up to date through software, security and app updates. The device is virus protected and should not be capable of passing on infections to the network
    - Users are responsible for charging their own devices and for protecting and looking after their devices while in the school/academy

- Devices must be in silent mode on the school site
- School devices are provided to support learning.
- Confiscation and searching (England) the school has the right to take, examine and search any device that is suspected of unauthorised use, either technical or inappropriate.
- The changing of settings (exceptions include personal settings such as font size, brightness, etc...) that would stop the device working as it was originally set up and intended to work is not permitted
- The software/apps originally installed by the school must remain on the school owned device in usable condition and be easily accessible at all times. From time to time the school may add software applications for use in a particular lesson. Periodic checks of devices will be made to ensure that users have not removed required apps
- The school will ensure that devices contain the necessary apps for school work. Apps added by the school will remain the property of the school and will not be accessible to students on authorised devices once they leave the school roll. Any apps bought by the user on their own account will remain theirs.
- Users should be mindful of the age limits for app purchases and use and should ensure they read the terms and conditions before use.
- Users must only photograph people with their permission. Users must only take pictures or videos that are required for a task or activity. All unnecessary images or videos will be deleted immediately
- Devices may be used in lessons in accordance with teacher direction
- Staff owned devices should not be used for personal purposes during teaching sessions, unless in exceptional circumstances
- Printing from personal devices will not be possible

#### Mobile Phones/Smartwatch (with camera)

Mobile phones and smartwatches containing cameras are becoming increasingly popular and a built in digital camera enables users to take high resolution pictures. These can be sent instantly to other mobile phone users or email addresses. They can also be posted on the internet or in chat rooms. There is a potential for camera mobile phones to be misused in schools. They can become an instrument of bullying or harassment directed against pupils or/and teachers.

There is also the potential for misuse of the internet with mobile phones.

#### Staff

- Staff use of mobile phones during their working day should be:
  - o outside of their contracted hours;
  - o discreet and appropriate e.g.: not in the presence of pupils.
- Mobile phones should be switched on silent mode or off and left in a safe place during lesson times.

- Staff should **never** contact pupils or parents from their personal mobile phone or give their mobile phone number to pupils or parents. If a member of staff needs to make telephone contact with a pupil, they should use the school telephone in the office.
- Staff should never send to, or accept from, colleagues or pupils, texts or images that could be viewed as inappropriate.
- A member of staff should never use their phone to photograph a pupil(s) or allow themselves to be photographed by pupils.

This guidance should be seen as a safeguard for members of staff, the school and the Local Authority. Staff should understand that failure to comply with the policy is likely to result in the enforcement of the Whistleblowing policy and associated procedures.

#### Parents, Visitors or Volunteers in School

- Adults either in school or accompanying children on school trips should not use their cameras or mobile phone cameras to take pictures of pupils unless it is at a public event such as Sports day or Summer fayre and of their own children.
- Adults, visitors or volunteers in school should only use their mobile phone within the confines of the school office or staff room. Personal cameras and mobile phone cameras should not be used to take pictures of children. If parents who accompany children on a school trip are asked by the teacher to take photos as a record of the educational visit, they will be issued with a school camera or school Ipad. Parents accompanying children on school trips should not use their mobile cameras to take pictures of children.

#### Students

- While we fully acknowledge a parent's right to allow their child to bring a mobile phone to school if they walk to and from school without adult supervision, St Aidan's RC Primary School discourages pupils bringing mobile phones to school due to the potential issues raised above.
- When a child needs to bring a phone into school, the phone must be collected by staff and sent to the school office at the start of the day and collected at the end of the day. Phones should be clearly marked so that each pupil knows their own phone.
- Parents are advised that St Aidan's RC Primary School accepts no liability for the loss or damage to mobile phones which are brought into school or school grounds. Please note that no phones or devices should ever be kept in a pupils' school bag.
- Where a pupil is found by a member of staff to be using a mobile phone or having a phone in school without handing it to school staff at the beginning of the day, the phone will be confiscated from the pupil, handed to a member of the office team who will record the name of the pupil and attach it to the phone. The mobile phone will be stored by the school office. The pupil may collect the phone at the end of the school day.
- If this practice continues, then the school will confiscate the phone until an appropriate adult collects the phone from a member of the senior leadership team.
- Smartwatches with cameras are not permitted in school and will be confiscated for an appropriate adult to collect from the office at the end of the day.

- If a pupil is found taking photographs or video footage or using the internet inappropriately with a mobile phone/electronic device of either other pupils or teachers, this will be regarded as a serious offence and disciplinary action will be taken according to our Behaviour policy.
- If images of other pupils or of a teacher have been taken, the phone will not be returned to the pupil until the images have been removed by the pupil in the presence of a senior leader.
- Should a pupil be found to be using their phone inappropriately, the school reserves the right to withdraw this privilege and they will no longer be able to bring a phone into school.
- We ask that parents should talk to their children about the appropriate use of text messages as they can often be used to bully pupils.
- Should parents need to contact pupils or vice versa during the school day, this should be done via the usual school procedure of contacting the school office via phone or email.

#### **Exceptional Circumstances**

Due to the variance of activities that take place on site or in the immediate community, it may be necessary for a specific activity to use a mobile phone to communicate with other staff or request help or assistance eg lockdown. The use of a mobile phone in these circumstances will be need to be authorised by a member of the SLT or if in the case of lockdown procedures stated in an agreed policy.

### Social media

The school provides the following measures to ensure reasonable steps are in place to minimise risk of harm to learners through:

- ensuring that personal information is not published.
- education/training being provided including acceptable use, age restrictions, social media risks, digital and video images policy, checking of settings, data protection and reporting issues.
- clear reporting guidance, including responsibilities, procedures, and sanctions.
- risk assessment, including legal risk.
- guidance for learners, parents/carers

School staff should ensure that:

- No reference should be made in social media to learners, parents/carers or school staff.
- they do not engage in online discussion on personal matters relating to members of the school community.
- personal opinions should not be attributed to the school.
- security settings on personal social media profiles are regularly checked to minimise risk of loss of personal information.
- they act as positive role models in their use of social media

When official school social media accounts are established, there should be:

• a process for approval by senior leaders

- clear processes for the administration, moderation, and monitoring of these accounts involving at least two members of staff
- a code of behaviour for users of the accounts
- systems for reporting and dealing with abuse and misuse
- understanding of how incidents may be dealt with under school disciplinary procedures.

#### Personal use

- personal communications are those made via personal social media accounts. In all cases, where a personal account is used which associates itself with, or impacts on, the school it must be made clear that the member of staff is not communicating on behalf of the school with an appropriate disclaimer. Such personal communications are within the scope of this policy
- personal communications which do not refer to or impact upon the school are outside the scope of this policy
- where excessive personal use of social media in school is suspected, and considered to be interfering with relevant duties, disciplinary action may be taken
- the school permits reasonable and appropriate access to personal social media sites during school hours

#### Monitoring of public social media

- As part of active social media engagement, the school may pro-actively monitor the Internet for public postings about the school.
- the school should effectively respond to social media comments made by others according to a defined policy or process.
- when parents/carers express concerns about the school on social media we will urge them to make direct contact with the school, in private, to resolve the matter. Where this cannot be resolved, parents/carers should be informed of the school complaints procedure.

School use of social media for professional purposes will be checked regularly by a senior leader and the Computing Lead to ensure compliance with the social media, data protection, communications, digital image and video policies. In the event of any social media issues that the school is unable to resolve support may be sought from the Professionals Online Safety Helpline.

### Digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and learners instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, parents/carers and learners need to be aware of the risks associated with publishing digital images on the internet. Such images may provide avenues for online bullying to take place. Digital images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. It is common for employers to carry out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees.

The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

• the school may use live-streaming or video-conferencing services in line with national and local safeguarding guidance / policies.

- when using digital images, staff will inform and educate learners about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images.
- staff/volunteers must be aware of those learners whose images must not be taken/published. Those images should only be taken on school devices. The personal devices of staff should not be used for such purposes
- staff and volunteers are allowed to take digital/video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, storage, distribution and publication of those images
- care should be taken when sharing digital/video images that learners are appropriately dressed
- learners must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include learners will be selected carefully and will comply with Online Safety Policy
- learners' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs.
- written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of learners are taken for use in school or published on the school website/social media.
- parents/carers will be informed of the purposes for the use of images, how they will be stored and for how long in line with the school data protection policy
- images will be securely stored in line with the GDPR policy

### **Online Publishing**

The school communicates with parents/carers and the wider community and promotes the school through:

- Public-facing website
- Social media
- Online newsletters

The school website is managed/hosted by ESchools. The school ensures that online safety policy has been followed in the use of online publishing e.g., use of digital and video images, copyright, identification of young people, publication of school calendars and personal information – ensuring that there is least risk to members of the school community, through such publications.

Where learner work, images or videos are published, their identities are protected, and full names are not published.

### Data Protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred, and made available according to the current data protection legislation.

The school:

- has a GDPR Policy.
- implements the data protection principles and can demonstrate that it does so

- has paid the appropriate fee to the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)
- has appointed an appropriate Data Protection Officer (DPO) who has effective understanding of data protection law and is free from any conflict of interest.
- has a 'Record of Processing Activities' in place and knows exactly what personal data is held, where, why and which member of staff has responsibility for managing it
- the Record of Processing Activities lists the lawful basis for processing personal data (including, where relevant, consent). Where special category data is processed, an additional lawful basis is listed
- has an 'information asset register' in place and knows exactly what personal data is held, where, why and which member of staff has responsibility for managing it
- information asset register lists the lawful basis for processing personal data (including, where relevant, consent). Where special category data is processed, an additional lawful basis will have also been listed
- will hold the minimum personal data necessary to enable it to perform its function and will not hold it for longer than necessary for the purposes it was collected for. The school 'retention schedule" supports this
- data held is accurate and up to date and is held only for the purpose it was held for. Systems
  are in place to identify inaccuracies, such as asking parents to check emergency contact details
  at suitable intervals
- provides staff, parents, volunteers, teenagers, and older children with information about how the school looks after their data and what their rights are
- has procedures in place to deal with the individual rights of the data subject,
- carries out Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIA) where necessary e.g. to ensure protection of personal data when accessed using any remote access solutions, or entering into a relationship with a new supplier
- has undertaken appropriate due diligence and has data protection compliant contracts in place
   with any data processors
- understands how to share data lawfully and safely with other relevant data controllers.
- has clear and understood policies and routines for the deletion and disposal of data
- reports any relevant breaches to the Information Commissioner within 72hrs of becoming aware of the breach as required by law. It also reports relevant breaches to the individuals affected as required by law. In order to do this, it has a policy for reporting, logging, managing, investigating and learning from information risk incidents
- has a Freedom of Information Policy which sets out how it will deal with FOI requests
- provides data protection training for all staff at induction and appropriate refresher training thereafter. Staff undertaking particular data protection functions, such as handling requests under the individual's rights, will receive training appropriate for their function as well as the core training provided to all staff

When personal data is stored on any mobile device or removable media the:

- data will be encrypted, and password protected.
- device will be password protected (Laptops/Desktops and Chromebooks to be password protected. Ipads to have a pin code)

- device will be protected by up-to-date endpoint (anti-virus) software
- data will be securely deleted from the device, in line with school policy (below) once it has been transferred or its use is complete.

Staff must ensure that they: at all times take care to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse

- can recognise a possible breach, understand the need for urgency and know who to report it to within the school
- can help data subjects understand their rights and know how to handle a request whether verbal or written and know who to pass it to in the school
- only use encrypted data storage for personal data
- use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly "logged-off" at the end of any session in which they are using personal data
- transfer data using encryption, a secure email account (where appropriate), and secure password protected devices.

## Outcomes

The impact of the Online Safety Policy and practice is regularly evaluated through the review/audit of online safety incident logs; behaviour/bullying reports; surveys of staff, learners; parents/carers and is reported to relevant groups:

- there is balanced professional debate about the evidence taken from the reviews/audits and the impact of preventative work e.g., online safety education, awareness, and training
- there are well-established routes to regularly report patterns of online safety incidents and outcomes to school leadership and Governors
- parents/carers are informed of patterns of online safety incidents as part of the school's online safety awareness raising
- online safety (and related) policies and procedures are regularly updated in response to the evidence gathered from these reviews/audits/professional debate
- the evidence of impact is shared with other schools, agencies and LAs to help ensure the development of a consistent and effective local online safety strategy.

#### Appendix

The appendices are as follows:

- Appendix 1 Acceptable Use Agreement (Learners and Parents)
- Appendix 2 Acceptable Use Agreement (staff, governors, volunteers and visitors)
- Appendix 3 Responding to incidents of misuse flow chart

Appendix 4- Record of reviewing devices/internet sites (responding to incidents of misuse)

Appendix 5 - Reporting Log

B1 - Training Needs Audit Log

Glossary of Terms

#### Appendix 1: acceptable use agreement (pupils and parents/carers)

#### Acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and internet:

#### Agreement for pupils and parents/carers

#### Name of pupil:

#### When using the school's ICT systems and accessing the internet in school, I will not:

- Use them for a non-educational purpose
- Use them without a teacher being present, or without a teacher's permission
- Access any inappropriate websites
- Access social networking sites (unless my teacher has expressly allowed this as part of a learning activity)
- Use chat rooms
- Open any attachments in emails, or follow any links in emails, without first checking with a teacher
- Use any inappropriate language when communicating online, including in emails
- Share my password with others or log in to the school's network using someone else's details
- Give my personal information (including my name, address or telephone number) to anyone without the permission of my teacher or parent/carer
- Arrange to meet anyone offline without first consulting my parent/carer, or without adult supervision

I WILL NOT bring a personal mobile phone or other personal electronic device into school. If I am a Year 5 or Year 6 pupil and I travel to and from school independently I may bring my mobile phone into school, but I will switch it off once on school grounds and hand it into the school office.

- I agree that the school will monitor the websites I visit.
- I will immediately let a teacher or other member of staff know if I find any material which might upset, distress or harm me or others.
- I will always use the school's ICT systems and internet responsibly.

igned (pupil): Date:
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**Parent/carer agreement:** I agree that my child can use the school's ICT systems and internet when appropriately supervised by a member of school staff. I agree to the conditions set out above for pupils using the school's ICT systems and internet, and the rules regarding personal electronic devices in school, and will make sure my child understands these.

S	Signed (parent/carer):	Date:

Appendix 2: acceptable use agreement (staff, governors, volunteers and visitors)

# Acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet: agreement for staff, governors, volunteers and visitors

#### Name of staff member/governor/volunteer/visitor:

When using the school's ICT systems and accessing the internet in school, or outside school on a work device, I will not:

- Access, or attempt to access inappropriate material, including but not limited to material of a violent, criminal or pornographic nature
- Use them in any way which could harm the school's reputation
- Access social networking sites or chat rooms
- Use any improper language when communicating online, including in emails or other messaging services
- Install any unauthorised software
- Share my password with others or log in to the school's network using someone else's details

I will only use the school's ICT systems and access the internet in school, or outside school on a work device, for educational purposes or for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of my role.

I agree that the school will monitor the websites I visit.

I will take all reasonable steps to ensure that work devices are secure and password-protected when using them outside school, and keep all data securely stored in accordance with this policy and the school's data protection policy.

I will let the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and ICT manager know if a pupil informs me they have found any material which might upset, distress or harm them or others, and will also do so if I encounter any such material.

I will always use the school's ICT systems and internet responsibly, and ensure that pupils in my care do so too.

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#### Appendix 3: - Responding to incidents of misuse - flow chart

# Appendix 4 - Record of reviewing devices/internet sites (responding to incidents of misuse)

Group: Date: Reason for investigation:	
Details of first reviewing person Name: Position: Signature:	)
Details of second reviewing per Name: Position: Signature: Name and location of computer	rson r used for review (for web sites)
Web site(s) address/device	Reason for concern
Conclusion and Action propose	ad or taken

Group:						
	Time	Incident	Action Taken		Incident	Signature
			What?	By Whom?	Reported By	

B1 Training Needs Audit Log Group:						
Relevant training the last 12 months	Identified Training Need	To be met by	Cost	Review Date		

### Glossary of Terms

AUP/AUA	Acceptable Use Policy/Agreement – see templates earlier in this document
CEOP	Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre (part of National Crime Agency, UK Police, dedicated to protecting children from sexual abuse, providers of the Think U Know programmes.
CPD	Continuous Professional Development
FOSI	Family Online Safety Institute
ICO	Information Commissioners Office
ІСТ	Information and Communications Technology
INSET	In Service Education and Training
IP address	The label that identifies each computer to other computers using the IP (internet protocol)
ISP	Internet Service Provider
ISPA	Internet Service Providers' Association
IWF	Internet Watch Foundation
LA	Local Authority
LAN	Local Area Network
МАТ	Multi Academy Trust
MIS	Management Information System
NEN	National Education Network – works with the Regional Broadband Consortia (e.g. SWGfL) to provide the safe broadband provision to schools across Britain.
Ofcom	Office of Communications (Independent communications sector regulator)
SWGfL	South West Grid for Learning Trust – the Regional Broadband Consortium of SW Local Authorities – is the provider of broadband and other services for schools and other organisations in the SW
ТИК	Think U Know – educational online safety programmes for schools, young people and parents.
UKSIC	UK Safer Internet Centre – EU funded centre. Main partners are SWGfL, Childnet and Internet Watch Foundation.

UK Council for Internet Safety

- VLE Virtual Learning Environment (a software system designed to support teaching and learning in an educational setting,
- WAP Wireless Application Protocol

A more comprehensive glossary can be found at the end of the UKCIS <u>Education for a Connected</u> <u>World Framework</u>